



Joint ICTP-TWAS Caribbean School on Electronic Structure Fundamentals and Methodologies

27 August-21 September, Cartagena, Colombia

Tutorial on Metadynamics

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Outline

Exercise 1. Free energy in the reaction SN_2

Exercise 2. Free energy of H_2

Download the exercise

```
scp r student@172.30.11.211:Tutorials/exercise_11_M.tar.gz .
```

Or via web from <http://172.30.11.211/tutorials/>

Unpack it using

```
tar -zxvf exercise_11_M.tar.gz  
cd Exercise_11_metadyn
```

The name of this file is exercises_metadynamics.pdf

Exercise 0.

The last QE version that works with PLUMED is 4.3.2. Be sure that you have set the `PATH` variable for this distribution.

Let us install plumed

Change to the QE directory and compile plumed. For example, do

```
cd /home/student/Tutorials/Installation/espresso-4.3.2
make plumed
```

The above command downloads the PLUMED files from the web server. If it fails due to problems with internet, we have to copy manually the PLUMED tarfile in the directory archive of the QE distribution (correct the command if you have a different directory structure)

```
cp /home/student/Tutorials/Exercise_11_metadyn/PLUMED-latest.tar.gz
/home/student/Tutorials/Installation/espresso-4.3.2/archive/
cd /home/student/Tutorials/Installation/espresso-4.3.2
make plumed
```

Now change to the directory of the first exercise

```
cd /home/student/Tutorials/Exercise_11_metadyn/ex1-SN2
```

```
open the file ../Refs/plumed_quick_ref.pdf
and read page 6, Section 3 First worked example: SN2 reaction
```

The input files `pw.in` and `plumed.dat` are in the directory.
The `pw.in` has some differences with the listing on the PLUMED guide. Guess way!
The `plumed.dat` has no difference with the listing on the guide. Guess why!

The `plumed.dat` must be in the outdir. Hence, create the outdir (see the name in `pw.in`) and copy there the `plumed.dat`

Now you can run a short dynamics with `nstep=20` (verify it at `pw.in`)

```
pw.x -plumed < pw.in > pw.out
```

This run should last less than 2 minutes.

Verify that you have the following files has been created

```
COLVAR HILLS PLUMED.OUT
```

and delete them

```
rm COLVAR HILLS PLUMED.OUT
```

Find the simulation time in the output file

```
grep WALL pw.out
```

The last line should like this

```
PWSCF      : 2m 19.74s CPU  2m 25.87s WALL
```

Write down the running time.

Now let us test how long it takes with an optimized binary. Download it

```
scp student@172.30.11.211:Eduardo_Menendez/pw.x .
```

and run it (do not forget ./)

```
./pw.x -plumed < pw.in > pw.out2
```

Again verify that exist the files COLVAR HILLS PLUMED.OUT

find the WALL time in pw.out2 and compare it with the previous time.

Exercise 1. Free energy in the reaction SN2.

Now you choose the binary that runs faster and run the full simulation with 2000 steps. Edit the file pw.in and modify

```
nstep = 2000,
```

And run again

```
./pw.x -plumed < pw.in > pw.out
```

or

```
pw.x -plumed < pw.in > pw.out
```

While it runs, open other terminal and look at the input file pw.in.

The following options allow a control of the temperature. Read the file INPUT_PW.txt (find it!) to understand the meaning.

```
ion_temperature = 'berendsen',  
tempw = 300.d0  
nraise = 20
```

In my PC (i7-2600 CPU @ 3.40GHz) it took 43 minutes running with 4 four MPI processes. So, you may go for a snap or a snack, or you can read some paper in the Refs.

Indecent proposal: Try to hack the computer of your system manager's computer and install PLUMED.

After you did it, if the simulation is still running go to directory `Outs` and follow the instructions.

At the end, you should have the files `PLUMED.OUT`, `HILLS`, and `COLVAR`.

`PLUMED.OUT` gives a report of the simulation. See the Quick Guide in page 10 to see a normal output.

In `COLVAR` you have as function of time, the values of collective variables (cv1 and cv2), which were defined in `plumed.dat`

```
# the distance between C-Cl' and C-Cl
DISTANCE LIST 1 3 SIGMA 0.15
DISTANCE LIST 2 3 SIGMA 0.15
```

Plot the cv1 and cv2, and the bias potential. This gnuplot command is usefull

```
plot "./COLVAR" u 1:2 t "distance(1-3)", "./COLVAR" u 1:3 t "distance(2-3)", "./COLVAR" u 1:4 axes
x1y2 w l t "V_{bias}"
```

To see how good was the sampling of the reduced phase space (cv1,cv2) use

```
plot "COLVAR" u 2:3
```

Do you think the sampling is good?

The file `HILLS` contains a list of Gaussians deposited during the simulations. Column1 1 is the deposition time, columns 2 and 3 are cv1 and cv2, cols 4,5 are the gaussian widths, column 6 have the height, and col 7 is meaningless in this example. See the relation with the line of `plumed.dat`

```
HILLS HEIGHT 0.001 W_STRIDE 2
```

Free energy reconstructions

Using the information stored in `HILLS` we can reconstruct the Free energy Surface, which is the sum of the gaussians centered at the pairs (cv1(t),cv2(t)). This is done with the program `sum_hills.x`.

`sum_hills.x` may need to be compiled. Change to the directory where it is located and compile as follows

```
cd path-of-espresso-4.3.2/PLUMED/utilities/sum_hills/
gfortran -O3 -o sum_hills.x serial.f90 sum_hills.f90
cd -
```

with the last command you should have returned to the working directory. Then run `sum_hills.x`

```
path-of-espresso-4.3.2/PLUMED/utilities/sum_hills/sum_hills.x -file HILLS -out fes.dat -ndim 2 -ngrid
100 100
```

after running `sum_hills.x`, you must have a file named `fes.dat`

with gnuplot, do

```
set pm3d
sp "fes.dat" w pm3d
```

Exercise 2. Free energy of H₂.

Go to the directory `ex2-HH/`

Here we do well-tempered metadynamics (WTMD). In WTMD, the Gaussian height W of the hills is automatically rescaled during the simulations.

Read page 14 of the QuickGuide.

Create yourself the input file for `pw.x` with the H₂ molecule. The bond length is approximately 1.4 bohr. A fast way is to copy the input of the previous exercise and adapt it. Pay attention to set zero total charge.

Run the simulation like in the previous exercise. Note that in this case we have only one collective variable, the H-H distance.

```
path-to-espresso-4.3.2/PLUMED/utilities/sum_hills/sum_hills.x -file HILLS -out fes.dat -ndim 1 -ndw 1 -ngrid 100 100
```

Check of the convergence of the free energy. We can obtain an estimate of the FES as function of the simulation time using the `-stride` option.

```
path-to-espresso-4.3.2/PLUMED/utilities/sum_hills/sum_hills.x -file HILLS -out fes.dat -ndim 1 -ndw 1 -ngrid 100 100 -stride 150
```